

Volume XXI

BEFORE 1820

2020 Mount Desert, Maine

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Printed in Newcastle, ME by Lincoln County Publishing Co., Inc.



Historians of the Wabanaki Nations

Portraits by Jennifer Steen Booher

The following portraits present citizens of the Micmac, Maliseet, Penobscot, and Passamaquoddy nations who are actively involved in the preservation of their tribal history, which is the history of Maine. Each historian chose an artifact or location to represent the main focus of their work. Many of them combine research with activism: for the Wabanaki people, preservation of their history is an act of political self-representation and resistance. These portraits layer the past and the present — the world before 1820 is still relevant in the world of 2020.

As an outsider, I wanted to avoid any attempt to interpret the experience of indigenous people. I also wanted to avoid contributing to a general impression that Wabanaki culture is a thing of the past. "We are still here," is a refrain I have heard over and over. For both reasons, I feel it is important to show living people and the importance of their work both to their communities and to those outside. In my own mind I framed this as "Indigenous People in Charge of their Own History." I set up a methodology I hoped would minimize my Eurocentric, academic biases. I am a product of the western academic tradition, which values (insists upon) diplomas, publications, awards, and other quantifiable "qualifications." The older I get, the more obvious the limitations of those qualifications become. Here on the Mount Desert Island, if I want to know where the ruin of an old

schoolhouse is, or where a road used to run, the people I would turn to do not have degrees in history, have no publications to their names, do not even maintain a blog. I only know of their knowledge from years of living here and sharing experiences with them. So how was I to determine who within a Wabanaki community would be considered a history-keeper? Whom should I photograph?

I began by asking James Francis, the Tribal Historian for the Penobscot Nation, for suggestions. When I wrote to that first group of historians, I asked if they would sit for a portrait, and also who else they would suggest I contact. If someone from within the Wabanaki community named a person as a historian, I contacted that person and asked for other names. At first I struggled a bit, wondering why one person who is a basketmaker might be considered a historian while another was not, but I did my best to suspend that sort of judgment in favor of asking the community to define itself and abiding by its decisions. I learned quickly that many people wear multiple hats — someone I saw first as an archaeologist is also an artist, and someone I would have thought of as an artisan is also a language-keeper.

Since I had specified that the historians would be photographed with their research subjects, I imagined that I would be photographing people in archives, museum storage spaces, and libraries, and designed a lighting style that would work in tight, crowded spaces. My very first photo shoot was with an ethnobotanist, who chose to be photographed in a grove of brown ash. It was a good reminder of my outsider status and the limitations of academic thinking!

















The portraits gathered here are not in any way comprehensive. I had two months to execute the project. Not everyone I contacted was willing to sit for a portrait, and many people who were willing were simply too busy with grant applications, committee meetings, teaching duties, family, or life in general. The weather in November was also extremely uncooperative, and several outdoor photo shoots had to be canceled. There are many more historians in the Wabanaki communities, many more people engaged in fascinating projects. In addition, the captions accompanying the photographs are the briefest summary of lives devoted to uncovering, preserving, and advocating for the history of a place we all call home. I hope the readers of Chebacco will take the opportunity to find out more about their work — the tribal museums are excellent places to begin, and many of the people represented here have writings available online.

I am deeply grateful to the people who made time to meet with me, and who trusted me to photograph them. I hope the portraits convey the respect and admiration I have for their work.

Jennifer Steen Booher is an artist and photographer living in Bar Harbor, Maine. She received a BA in Art History and Asian Studies at Vassar College in 1989, and a master's degree in Landscape Architecture and Historic Preservation at the University of Virginia in 1997. In addition to her work as Artist in Residence with the Mount Desert Island Historical Society, she is a Resident Artist with Acadia National Park. Her current project, the Coast Walk, a multimedia web-based project combining photography, historical research and environmental documentation, has won an Environmental Stewardship award from the Frenchman Bay Partners and a Kindling Fund grant.

Acknowledgments:

Many thanks to George Soules, Sherri Mitchell, James Francis, Margo Lukens, Micah Pawling, Gretchen Faulkner, and Jodi DeBruyne for their help with this project.



